Through the Lens of a Large Instant-Messaging Network: Planetary-Scale Views on Behavior

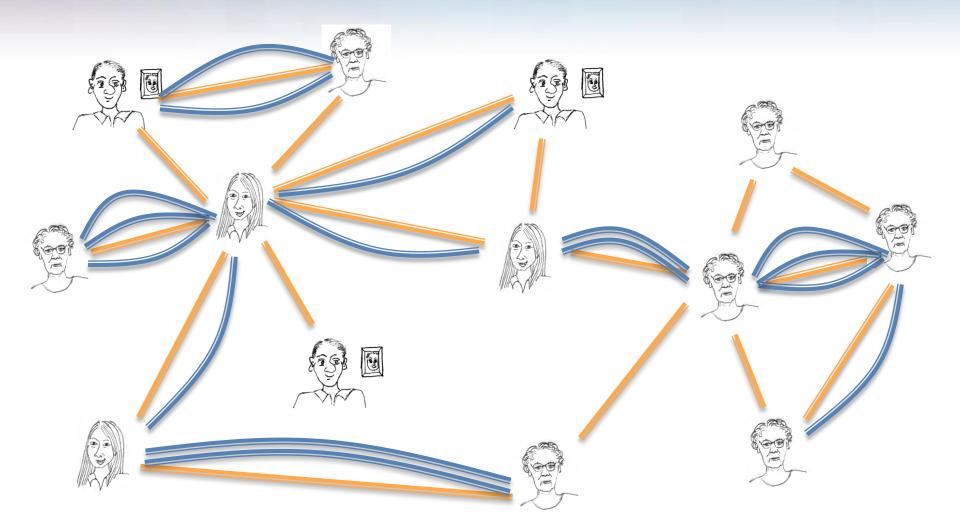
> Eric Horvitz Joint work with Jure Leskovec

> > Princeton University April 2009

#### New Lenses on Behavior & Relation

- Anonymized data from wide-scale communication systems
- Structural properties of human communication graph
- Insights about people and groups, influences of demographics

## Buddy Conversation





#### One month of data

- 245 million users logged in
- 180 million users engaged in conversations

Communication graph (two-way)

- > 30 billion conversations
- > 255 billion messages exchanged
- 1.3 billion edges

4.5 terabytes

#### **Data Attributes**

For every conversation: list of participants:

- User ID
- Time joined, time left
- Num. of messages sent, received

Demographic data (self-reported):

- Age
- Gender
- Location (Country, ZIP)
- Language

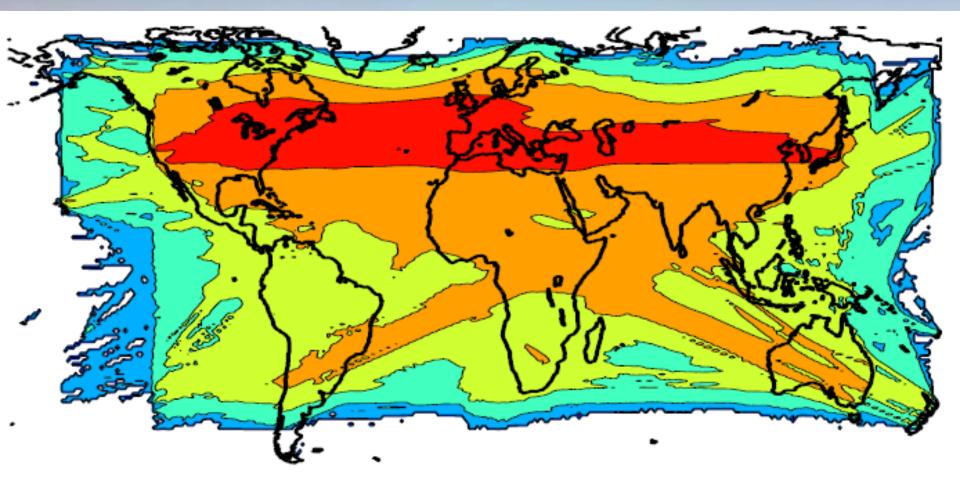
All data anonymized. No message text.

### **Behavioral Studies at Planetary Scale**

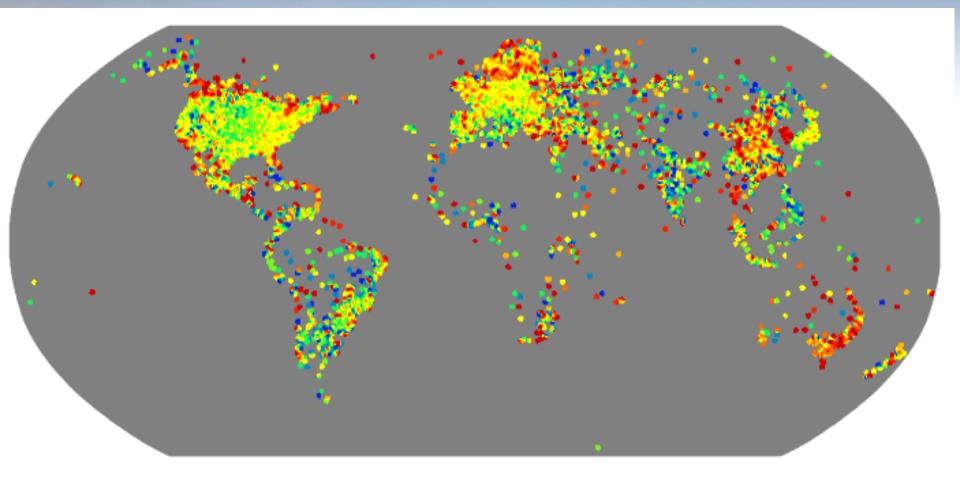
#### **Research** questions:

- What are key structural properties of the communication graph?
- How do geographic relationships affect communication?
- How are communication patterns influenced by demographics (age, sex, language, country)?

#### Visualizing World Communication Axis

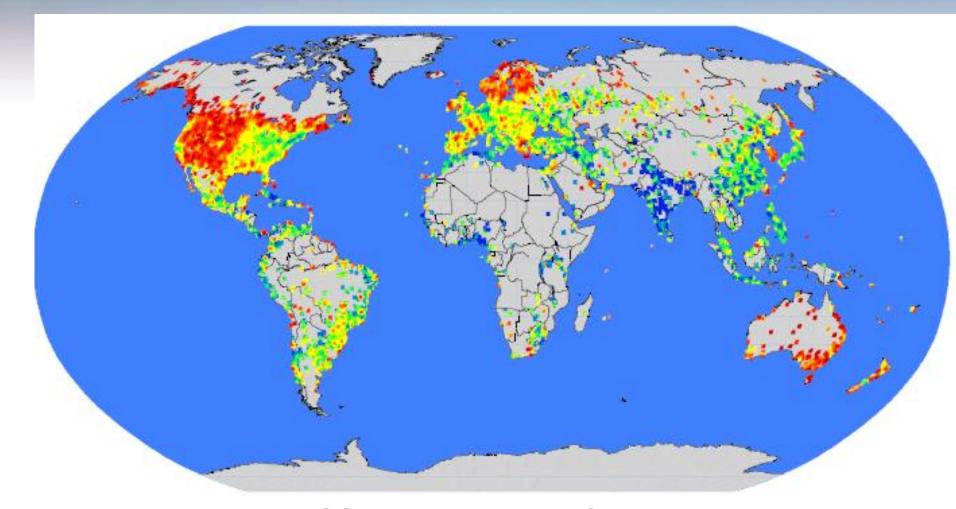


#### **Communication Density**



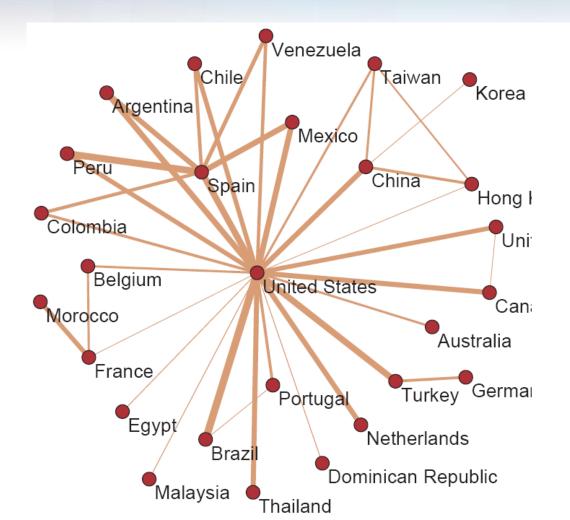
Each point represents number of users at location

### Per Capita Analysis



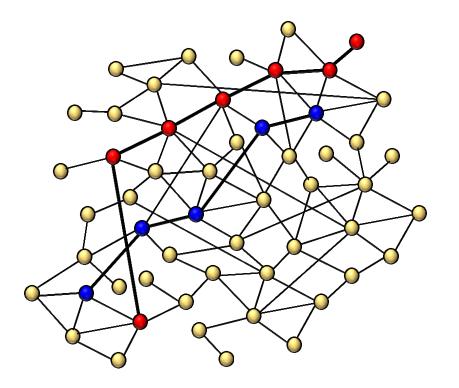
#### Users per capita

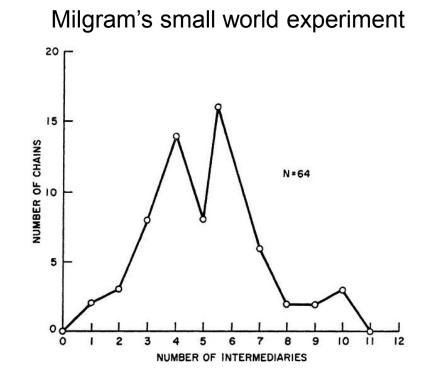
#### Who Talks to Whom: Number of conversations



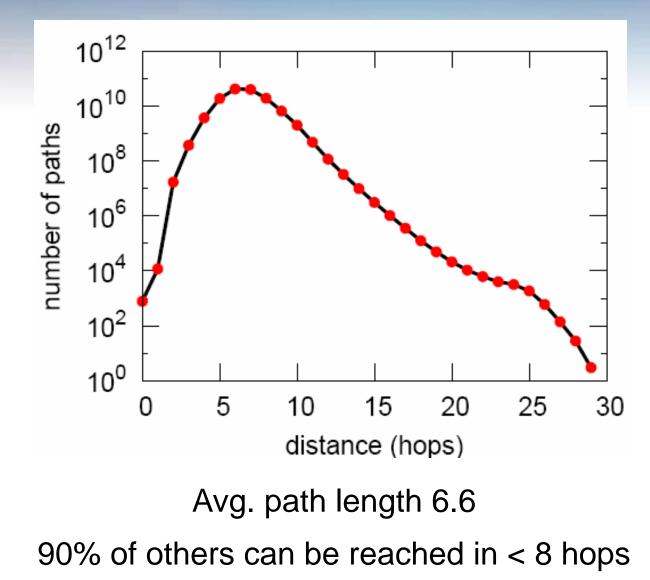
### Is it a Small-World (after all)?

- Small-world experiment [Travers&Milgram '67]
  [Omaha, Wichita] → [Boston]
  - 296 letters (64 make it), avg num hops 6.2



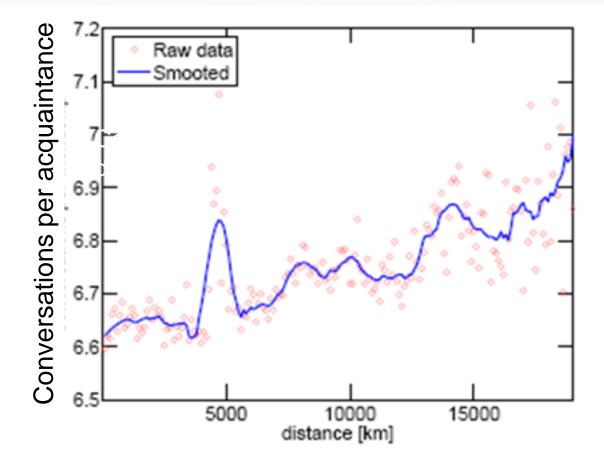


#### Small World Studied on Larger Scale

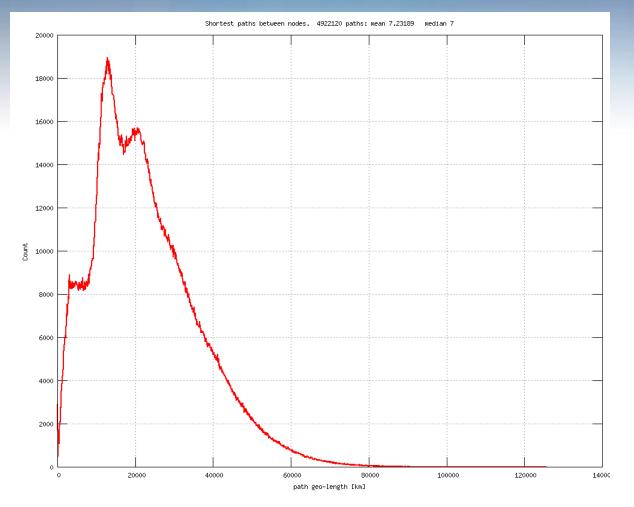


#### **Communication: Geo distance**

#### Longer links used more

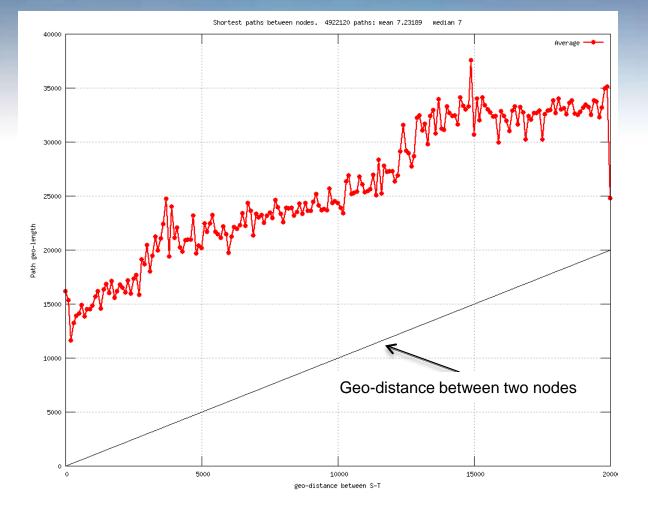


## **Geographic Separation**



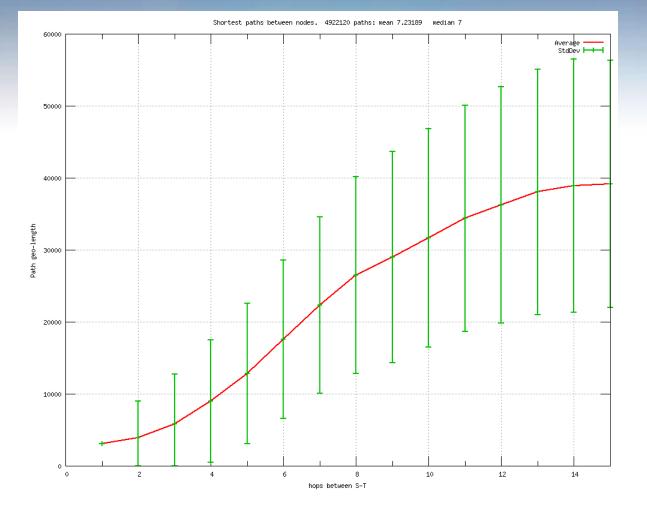
Random pairs of people are 6631 km apart on the average (7317 km median)

#### **Geo-length of Shortest Paths**



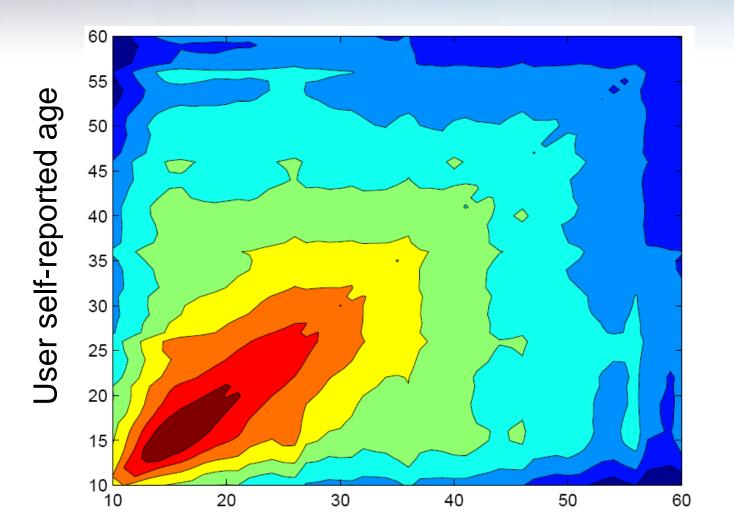
 Shortest paths are about 15,000 kilometers longer than what they could be

#### **Geo-length of Shortest Paths**



### Age: Number of conversations

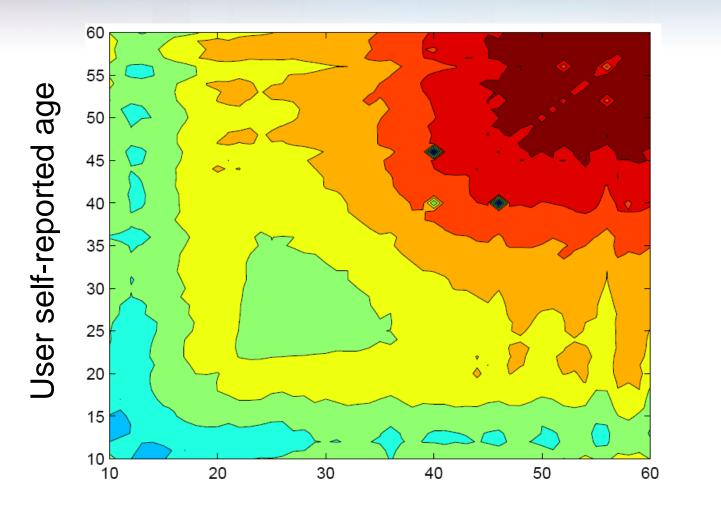
Young people communicate with same age



Low

High

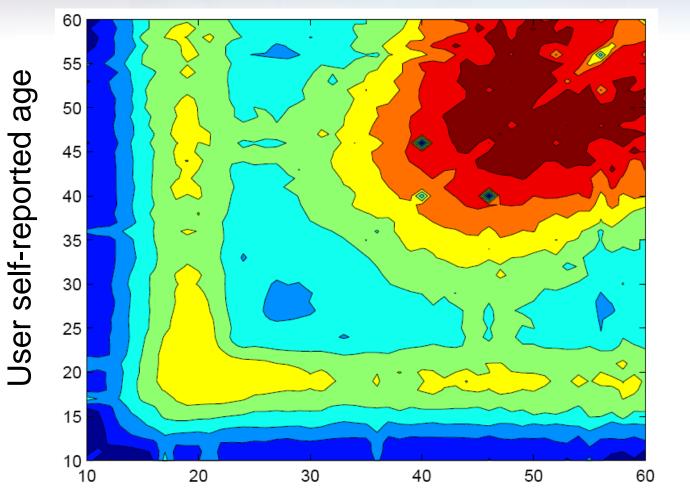
# Age: Conversation duration Older people have longer conversations



Low

High

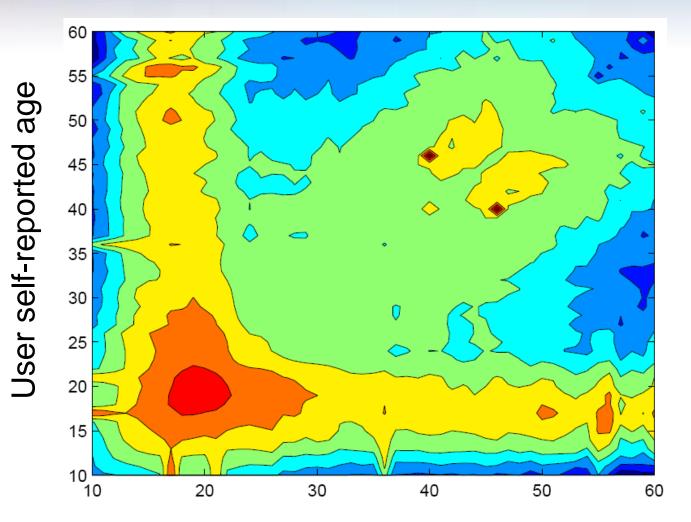
## Age: Messages per conversation Older people exchange more messages per session.



Low

## Age: Messages per unit time

Young people converse more quickly



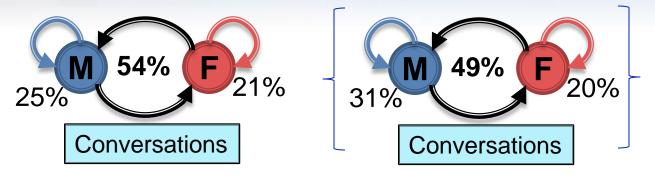
Low

High

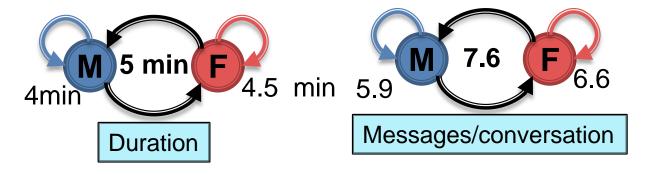
#### **Communication: Gender**

Influence of gender

Number of conversations: ~chance



Cross-gender: Longer, more messages



## Summary

**Opportunities to study behaviors in the large** 

- Patterns of communication
- Influence of demographics
- Investigation of structure of network
  Well-connected small world
- Multiple directions of ongoing research

#### More information

- J. Leskovec and E. Horvitz. <u>Worldwide Buzz: Planetary-Scale Views on an Instant-Messaging Network</u>, *Microsoft Research Technical Report <u>MSR-TR-2006-186</u>, Microsoft Research, June 2007.*
- J. Leskovec and E. Horvitz. <u>Planetary-Scale Views on a</u> <u>Large Instant-Messaging Network</u>, *Proceedings of <u>WWW</u>* <u>2008</u>, Beijing, China, April 2008.

